COVID-19 Community of Practice for Ontario Family Physicians

February 5, 2021

Dr. Sarah Newbery Ms. Sabina Vohra-Miller Dr. Daniel Warshafsky Dr. Liz Muggah Dr. David Kaplan



Changing the Way We Work The COVID-19 vaccine: New vaccines, building vaccine confidence, and more





The COVID-19 vaccine: New vaccines, building vaccine confidence, and more

Moderator: Dr. Tara Kiran

Fidani Chair, Improvement and Innovation

Department of Family and Community Medicine, University of Toronto

Panelists:

- Dr. Sarah Newbery, Marathon, ON
- Ms. Sabina Vohra-Miller, Toronto, ON
- Dr. Daniel Warshafsky, Toronto, ON Co-Hosts:
- Dr. Liz Muggah, Ottawa, ON
- Dr. David Kaplan, Toronto, ON

This one-credit-per-hour Group Learning program has been certified by the College of Family Physicians of Canada and the Ontario Chapter for up to 1 Mainpro+ credits.

The COVID-19 Community of Practice for Ontario Family Physician includes a series of planned webinars. Each session is worth 1 Mainpro+ credits, for up to a total of 18 credits.

Land Acknowledgement

We acknowledge that the lands on which we are hosting this meeting include the traditional territories of many nations.

The OCFP and DFCM recognize that the many injustices experienced by the Indigenous Peoples of what we now call Canada continue to affect their health and well-being. The OCFP and DFCM respect that Indigenous people have rich cultural and traditional practices that have been known to improve health outcomes.

I invite all of us to reflect on the territories you are calling in from as we commit ourselves to gaining knowledge; forging a new, culturally safe relationship; and contributing to reconciliation. **CORONAVIRUS** | News

'Operation Remote Immunity' kicks off, bringing vaccines to fly-in Indigenous communities in Ontario

Donna Sound and Alexandra Mae Jones Published Monday, February 1, 2021 10:29PM EST



Operation Remote Immunity, a project aimed at bringing the Moderna vaccine to remote Indigenous communities in Northern Ontario, many of them fly-in, started officially today.

https://www.ctvnews.ca/health/coronavirus/operation-remote-immunitykicks-off-bringing-vaccines-to-fly-in-indigenous-communities-in-ontario-1.5291712

> https://www.thestar.com/news/gta/2021/01/23/torontos-indigenous-populationlargely-overlooked-in-covid-19-vaccine-plans-doctors-who-work-with-them-say.html

GTA

Toronto's Indigenous population largely overlooked in COVID-19 vaccine plans, doctors who work with them say

By Brendan Kennedy Social Justice Reporter Stephanie Nolen Atkinson Fellow Sat., Jan. 23, 2021 | © 6 min. read



Changing the way we work

A community of practice for family physicians during COVID-19

At the conclusion of this <u>series</u> participants will be able to:

- Identify the current best practices for delivery of primary care within the context of COVID-19 and how to incorporate into practice.
- Describe point-of-care resources and tools available to guide decision making and plan of care.
- Connect with a community of family physicians to identify practical solutions for their primary care practice under current conditions.

Previous webinars & related resources:

https://www.dfcm.utoronto.ca/covid-19-communitypractice/past-sessions

Disclosure of Financial Support

This CPD program has received in-kind support from the Ontario College of Family Physicians and the Department of Family and Community Medicine, University of Toronto in the form of logistical and promotional support.

Potential for conflict(s) of interest: N/A

Mitigating Potential Bias

- The Scientific Planning Committee has full control over the choice of topics/speakers.
- Content has been developed according to the standards and expectations of the Mainpro+ certification program.
- The program content was reviewed by a three-member national/scientific planning committee.

Planning Committee: Dr. Tara Kiran, Patricia O'Brien (DCFM), Leanne Clarke (OCFP), Susan Taylor (OCFP) and Mina Viscardi-Johnson (OCFP), Liz Muggah (OCFP)



Dr. Sarah Newbery – Panelist

Twitter: @snewbery1

Rural Generalist Family Physician, Marathon Family Health Team, and Assistant Dean Physician Workforce Strategy for the Northern Ontario School of Medicine



Ms. Michèle Lajeunesse – Guest Panelist

Community Health Promotion Coordinator, Marathon Family Health Team



Ms. Sabina Vohra-Miller – Panelist Twitter: @SabiVM

Co-founder Vohra Miller Foundation and Co-founder South Asian Health Network, MSc in Clinical Pharmacology and Toxicology



Dr. Daniel Warshafsky– Panelist

Senior Medical Consultant at the Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health



Dr. Liz Muggah – Co-Host

Twitter: @OCFP_President OCFP President, Family Physician, Bruyère Family Health Team



Dr. David Kaplan – Co-Host

Twitter: @davidkaplanmd

Family Physician, North York Family Health Team and Chief, Clinical Quality, Ontario Health - Quality

Speaker Disclosure

- Faculty Name: **Dr. Sarah Newbery**
- Relationships with financial sponsors: Northern Ontario School of Medicine
 - Grants/Research Support: N/A
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: Ontario College of Family Physicians
 - Others: N/A
- Faculty Name: Ms. Michèle Lajeunesse
- Relationships with financial sponsors: Marathon Family Health Team
 - Grants/Research Support: N/A
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: N/A
 - Others: N/A
- Faculty Name: Ms. Sabina Vohra-Miller
- Relationships with financial sponsors: Vohra Miller Foundation
 - Grants/Research Support: N/A
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: N/A
 - Others: N/A
- Faculty Name: Dr. Daniel Warshafsky
- Relationships with financial sponsors: N/A
 - Grants/Research Support: N/A
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: Ontario College of Family Physicians
 - Others: N/A

Speaker Disclosure

- Faculty Name: **Dr. Liz Muggah**
- Relationships with financial sponsors:
 - Grants/Research Support: N/A
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: Ontario College of Family Physicians
 - Others: N/A
- Faculty Name: **Dr. David Kaplan**
- Relationships with financial sponsors:
 - Grants/Research Support: N/A
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: Ontario College of Family Physicians
 - Others: Ontario Health (employee)
- Faculty Name: **Dr. Tara Kiran**
- Relationships with financial sponsors:
 - Grants/Research Support: St. Michael's Hospital, University of Toronto, Health Quality Ontario, Canadian Institute for Health Research, Toronto Central LHIN, Toronto Central Regional Cancer Program, Gilead Sciences Inc.
 - Speakers Bureau/Honoraria: N/A
 - Others: N/A

Where are we from (outside the GTA)?



Questions we've received from YOU:

- 1. What other vaccines will soon be available? How do they work?
- 2. How can we build vaccine confidence? What are the most common questions about the vaccines and how do these differ among racialized communities? How can we address these concerns?
- 3. What's the latest on the vaccine rollout plan, especially given delays in shipment? What role will community family doctors have and when?
- 4. What data are being used to support extending the second dose interval to within 42 days? What happens if the second dose is given beyond 42 days?
- 5. What is effectiveness of the vaccines against new strains of COVID-19?

Vaccine resources:

- Centre for Effective Practice (CEP) https://cep.health/
- Ontario College of Family Physicians (OCFP)
 <u>https://www.ontariofamilyphysicians.ca/</u>
- New England Journal of Medicine (NEJM) FAQ <u>https://www.nejm.org/covid-vaccine/faq</u>
- Community of Practice for Family Physicians
 <u>https://dfcm.utoronto.ca/covid-19-community-practice</u>

How to Participate

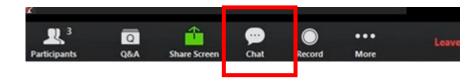
• All questions should be asked using the Q&A function at the bottom of your screen.



• Press the thumbs up button to upvote another guests questions. Upvote a question if you want to ask a similar question or want to see a guest's question go to the top and catch the panels attention.

😋 Q&A			
	All questions (1)	My questions	
Lee 01:54 PM			
Will there be a foll	ow-up session?		
16			Comment

• Please use the chat box for networking purposes only.





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Twitter: @snewbery1

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Senior Medical Consultant at the Office of the Chief Medical Officer of Health

COVID-19 VACCINE PLANNING: A RURAL PERSPECTIVE

By Dr. Sarah Newbery, MD CCFP FCFP FRRMS* & Michèle Lajeunesse, Community Health Promotion Coordinator





Integrated health care in Marathon







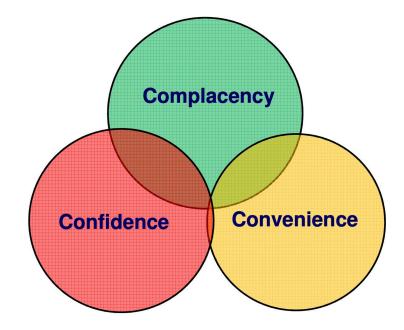
Addressing vaccine hesitancy

Vaccine Hesitancy Model

Vaccine Hesitancy is a Top Ten Priority for the World Health Organization

January 23, 2019 Rene F. Najera

The World Health Organization (WHO) released the list of its top ten priorities for 2019. Listed among those priorities is combating what it terms vaccine hesitancy. This is what WHO states:



https://www.who.int/news-room/spotlight/ten-threats-to-global-health-in-2019

Credit: SAGE working group







🔹 Listen 🔒 Print < Share



Communication tools

Weekly "Medical Minute" radio segments

Regular posts on the MFHT Facebook page

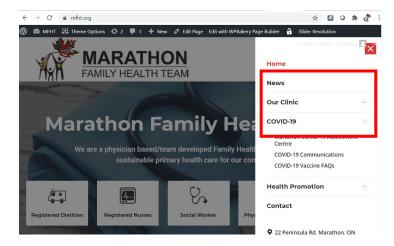






COVID-19 Dashboard 1 new positive case tied to Valard West-Tie project outbreak	COVID-19 Dashboard 20 positive cases tied to the Valard West-Tie project outbreak	COVID-19 Community announcement	www.ere.the COVID-19 tocines developed so fast? www.ere.theta.com/sectors/ sectors/ sectors/ infer.searts/backsectors/ infer.searts/backsectors/ infer.searts/backsectors/ infer.searts/ sectors/ infer.searts/ sectors/ infer.searts/ sectors/ infer.searts/ sectors/ infer.searts/ sectors/ infer.searts/ infer.sear
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Weekly articles published in local paper and on MFHT website









Local vaccine planning – Primary care

Ministry of Health

COVID-19 Vaccine Clinic Operations Planning Checklist

Version 2.0 - December 30, 2020

Highlights of changes

- Added Moderna COVID-19 Product Monograph (page 1)
- Hyperlinks updated throughout including PHAC links and the Ontario AEFI form

This guidance provides basic information only. It is not intended to take the place of medical advice, diagnosis or treatment,

Please check the Ministry of Health (MOH) $\underline{COVID-19}$ website regularly for updates to this document.

This document is to support local planning as well as the successful operationalization of COVID-19 vaccination clinics in Ontario for all Ontarians, including considerations for vulnerable populations.

Additional resources that you may wish to review (once available) include:

- Planning Guidance for Immunization Clinics for COVID-19 Vaccines
- Planning Guidance for Administration of COVID-19 Vaccines
- National Advisory Committee on Immunization (NACI) Statement: <u>Recommendations on the use of COVID-19 vaccine(s)</u>
- Pfizer-BioNTech COVID-19 [COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine] Product Monograph
- Moderna COVID-19 [COVID-19 mRNA Vaccine] Product Monograph

COVID-19 VACCINE ROLLOUT PLAN



Goal: To ensure that every person who wishes to receive a COVID-19 vaccine can receive one, by rapidly delivering safe and effective vaccine doses to residents within our community beginning January 2021.

Some variables that will impact the planning of this vaccination program are unknown. Therefore, this document lays out a flexible strategy that can accommodate a range of scenarios.

KEY PROGRAM OBJECTIVES	Action items	Description	Delegate(s)	Status (not started, in progress, complete)		
	Governance					
	Appoint a COVID-19 vaccine planning lead		Joanne & Eli	Complete		
	Identify areas where collaboration may be required and reach out to external partners		Michèle	In progress		
GOVERNANCE &	Determine insurance and liability coverage in case of vaccine-related adverse events		Joanne	Not started		
hovener	Advocacy					
	Advocate for timely local vaccine distribution at a Provincial level		Sarah N. & Adam Brown	In progress		
	COVID-19 program lead attends District COVID-19 vaccine rollout meeting and to bring information back to the COVID Crew	Briefing notes will be sent to internal and external partners	Michèle	In progress		
	Internal communication					
	Provide staff and HCPs with vaccine education		Michèle	Complete		
	Provide HCPs with tools on how to discuss the benefits of the vaccination with		Michèle	Complete		
	patients					
	Ensure appropriate training materials are available for staff and HCPs prior to vaccination clinics		Michèle	In progress		
	Ensure that staff and HCPs are aware of the safety protocols put in place to keep them and patients safe during vaccination clinic	Refer to internal Infection Control Policy	Michèle	In progress		
COMMUNICATION	Write and approve necessary medical directives		Ada & Lily	Complete		
	Write plan for the management of anaphylaxis and other medical issues		Ada & Lily	Complete		
	Provide on-site orientation and prepare an orientation package for all immunizers and support staff		Michèle	In progress		
	External communication					
	Keep communities informed about the vaccine, the local vaccine strategy and vaccine uptake	Use various media outlets (newspaper, CFNO, website, Facebook)	Michèle	In progress		
	Create accessible signage to support screening and clinic flow		Michèle	Not started		
	Individual patient communication					

http://www.health.gov.on.ca/en/pro/programs/publichealth/coronavirus/do cs/vaccine/COVID-19 vaccine clinic operations planning checklist.pdf





Strengthening "convenience" – advance consent

home | view

Important

Before you complete this form please make sure you read and understand the COVID-19 Vaccine Information Sheet.

First name*	Last name*			Health Card Number	*
Sex* Please Select One	Primary Care Clinician*		•		
Home phone*	Mobile phone			Email*	
Street address*	City*			Province*	Postal code*
Date of Birth*	Marathon Age*	Dose*		ON Date	of first dose if applicable
		First			

1. Do you have symptoms of COVID-19 today or feel ill today? *

O Yes

https://mfht.org/category/covid-19/





What I've learned countering vaccine disinformation on social media

By **Sabina Vohra-Miller** Contributor Mon., Dec. 14, 2020 | Ō 3 min. read

What I've learned countering vaccine disinformation on social media

I have spent most of my life in academia or working in science-based professions. My echo chamber consisted of others with similar science backgrounds.

I got my rude awakening when I became a mother in 2017. Parenthood was an entirely new phenomenon, so I joined several online parenting or "mom" groups on social media. These groups were my first encounter with sensational, provocative and unscientific information. This is when I realized we were amidst a war — a war on science.



OPINION

We can't be dismissive about people's anxieties regarding COVID-19 vaccines

SABINA VOHRA-MILLER, SEEMA MARWAHA AND NAHEED DOSANI CONTRIBUTED TO THE GLOBE AND MAIL PUBLISHED JANUARY 21, 2021 13 COMMENTS SHARE — A A+ TEXT SIZE

DOOKMARK

4



TORONTO STAR

What good are COVID-19 vaccines if people are afraid? We need to build trust with racialized communities, specifically PSWs facing vaccine hesitancy

Newsletters

By Sabina Vohra-Miller Contributor Dr. Anjali Bhayana Contributor Fri., Jan. 8, 2021 | ō 5 min. read

Never in history have we gone from identifying a pathogen to creating and disseminating a safe and effective vaccine in under a year, however, we have not done a good job of explaining how we have been able to utilize scientific innovation without compromising on safety. Terms such as 'Operation Warp Speed' have not helped with hesitancy. Decades of mistrust towards pharmaceutical companies have also exacerbated this.

So, we must discuss vaccine hesitancy. What is it? It describes people who are not flat out against vaccinations, but who are anxious and afraid of vaccines, or sometimes one specific vaccine. Over the past few years, it's a

COVID-19 VACCINES Q&A

WHAT ARE MRNA VACCINES?

mRNA is the part of our genetic material that gives instructions to the body, similar to a IKEA manual or a recipe card. For COVID-19, the mRNA vaccine tells the body to make a harmless piece called the "spike protein." The spike protein is found on the surface of the virus that causes COVID-19. Our immune system recognizes that the protein doesn't belong there and begins building an immune response and making antibodies, like what happens in natural infection against COVID-19.

MRNA IS NEW BUT NOT UNKNOWN

In fact, mRNA technology has been studied in oncology for ever a decade. So once the virus was genetically sequenced, scientists and researchers were able to get to work to create the vaccine and start the trials.



MRNA DOES NOT ALTER DNA mRNA is in fact just a recipe card that your cell uses to make the spike protein. mRNA also breaks down quickly once it enters your body.

YOU CANNOT GET COVID-19 FROM THE VACCINE

Since the vaccine only produces the spike protein and does not contain any actual virus, there is no possibility of it causing an actual infection.

SIDE EFFECTS CAN OCCUR



Side effects typically occur because your body is gearing up an immune response. For the mRNA vaccines, this included fatigue, sore arms, headaches, muscle and joint pain, low grade fever and chills. Most disappeared within 2 days.

CAN THE VACCINES BE MIXED AND MATCHED?

At this point, there is no data to allow for mixing and matching of vaccines. Your second dose should be of the same vaccine as your first.

CAN I GET THE VACCINE IF I ALREADY HAD COVID-19?

You are still eligible and in fact, it is recommended that you do get it.

UNAMBIGUOUS SCIENCE COVID-19 VACCINE SIDE EFFECTS

HOW DO VACCINES WORK?

Your immune system is designed to attack anything that is foreign to your body, such as a virus. When it encounters something new, it takes a while for the body to ramp up its immune system fight squad. Since it has never seen the virus before, by the time it is ready to fight back, the foreign body can already have caused a lot of damage. But, once it fights off that virus, it also produces a special kind of memory immunity that helps it remember the virus. So the next time the virus decides to pay a visit, the body remembers and is able to put together the fight squad quickly.

This is where vaccines can be advantageous. The mRNA vaccine basically injects a recipe card that your body then uses to make the spike protein that is similar to the protein that exists on the actual Covid-19 causing virus. The body doesn't recognize this spike protein and realizes it is foreign. So it ramps up an immune response against the protein. So if later your body comes into contact with the actual Covid-19 causing virus, it now knows to quickly fight it off!

The most common side effects are soreness at the site of injection, fatigue, headache, muscle aches, chills, joint pain and fever. These typically last 1-2 days, but rarely more than a few days. These side effects mean that the body's immune system is kicking into gear as it should, and getting ready to remember the virus if it ever encounters it in the future.

WHAT KIND OF SIDE EFFECTS CAN I EXPECT?

Vaccine side effects have also been less frequent and severe in older adults in the vaccine trials. This could likely be because immune response declines with age.

CAN YOU GET COVID FROM THE VACCINE? You cannot get Covid-19 from the vaccine. Because the vaccine only includes mRNA, which is like the recipe card to produce the spike protein and does not contain the actual virus, there is no possibility of it causing an actual infection. mRNA also breaks down auickly once it enters your body.

Although vaccines can in very rare instances cause these side effects, generally these are a lot more common with the actual viral infection. In the past with other vaccines, we have seen that the rates are much lower with the vaccine than what we would typically see with the virus itself.

what ABOUT AUTOIMMUNE EFFECTS?



You can have an allergic reaction to any medicine or food. It is possible that some people might be allergic to an ingredient in the Covid-19 vaccines; however, it is important to remember that these allergic reactions are relatively rare.

AMBIGUOUS CENCE http://unambiguous-science.com/ @unambiguousscience

UNAMBIGUOUS SCIENCE COVID-19VACCINES SPECIAL GROUPS

PREGNANCY

As with pretty much any clinical trial on medications or vaccines, pregnant people are excluded. Due to this, we do not have data in pregnancy. There were a few pregnant people in the trials and no adverse effects were noted. mRNA vaccines are not live viruses and break down very quickly in the body. Experts feel the cause for concern is low, and that the risk in pregnancy is low.

In the US, the CDC and American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists have said to 'not withhold' the vaccine from pregnant people based on the prioritization criteria. These are consistent with Society of Obstetrics and Gynecology Canada recommendations, that state individuals who are at high risk of infection and/or morbidity from COVID-19, vaccination may be offered weighing the risks and benefits given the elevated risks associated with Covid-19 illness and outcomes in pregnancy.

BREASTFEEDING

There is no data available in breastfeeding and we do not know how much is excreted in human milk. In the US, the CDC and American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists have said the vaccine 'should be offered' to lactating people based on the prioritization criteria. These are consistent with Society of Obstetrics and Gynecology Canada recommendations, that state individuals who are at high risk of infection and/or morbidity from COVID-19, vaccination may be offered.

mRNA vaccines are not live viruses and break down very quickly in the body. They are generally not thought to pose a risk to a breastfeeding infant.

ELDERLY

The mRNA trials included participants over age 65 and there was no difference in efficacy or safety when compared to younger age groups.

PEDIATRICS

There is currently no data available in children under the age of 16; however, there are studies undergoing in adolescents (above age 12). Data for children 11 and under will likely need dose de-escalation studies, ie, understanding how much of the vaccine is appropriate and tolerated in younger children – these studies have not yet started.

RACIALIZED

Nearly 40% of the participants in the mRNA trials were Black or African American, Hispanic or Latino.

IMMUNOCOMPROMISED

Vaccine safety and efficacy profiles in immunocompromised people is still not known and they may have a lower immune response to the vaccine. Persons with HIV infection, other immunocompromising conditions, or who take immunosuppressive medications can be vaccinated as long as they don't have a specific reason where it is not advised. Immunocompromised individuals should also continue to protect themselves from Covid-19 even after getting the vaccination.



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MYTHBUSTERS

mRNA technology is not new and has been studied for more than 10 vears.

mRNA vaccines do not contain any actual virus, so they cannot cause a Covid-19 infection.

mRNA does not affect or change your DNA.

mRNA quickly breaks down once it enters your body.

The vaccine will protect you and your loved ones

The COVID-19 vaccine is your best protection against the virus.

Studies show the Covid-19 vaccine is 94-95% efficacious in preventing symptomatic Covid-19 disease. Importantly, it also helps prevent severe illness from Covid-19.

The Covid-19 vaccine is very safe. Please speak to your doctor if you have any questions or concerns.



Sahealthnetwork www.southasianhealthnetwork.ca

What are mRNA vaccines?



mRNA is the genetic material that gives instructions to your body.

In the vaccine, the mRNA tells the body to make the 'spike protein' that is found on the actual virus. The body recognizes this as being foreign, and builds an immune response. When your body comes across this protein on the actual virus, it is able to fight it off quickly.







Hindi











WHAT'S IN THE COVID-19 VACCINES?



mRNA - harmless genetic material

Helps build immunity against Covid-19 virus

Lipids and Cholesterol

Forms a bubble around the mRNA and helps it enter our cells



Sugar (sucrose) and salts (sodium, potassium)

Helps to keep the vaccine stable and balanced





No blood or fetal products





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www.southasianhealthnetwork.ca



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mRNA - ਨੁਕਸਾਨ ਰਹਿਤ ਜੈਨੇਟਿਕ ਸਮਾਨ ਕੋਫਿਡ - 19 ਦੇ ਵਿਰੁੱਧ ਇਮਕੁਨਟੀ ਵਧਾਉਣ ਵਿਚ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਹਰਬੀ ਅਤੇ ਕੋਨੇਸਟ੍ਰੋਲ ਅੰਮਾਰਾਨੇਮਣ ਦੇ ਦੁਆਲੇ ਵਿੱਕ ਬੁਲਬੁਲਾ ਬਣਾਉਂਦਾ ਹੈ ਅਤੇ ਇਸਨੂੰ ਸਾਡੇ ਸੈੱਲਾਂ ਵਿੱਕ ਦਾਖਲ ਨੇ ਵੱਧ ਵਿੱਕ ਬਹਾਇਤਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ ਸ਼ੱਕਰ (ਸੁਕਰੇਜ਼) ਅਤੇ ਨਮਕ (ਸੋਡੀਅਮ, ਪੋਟਾਸ਼ੀਅਮ)
🏁 ਟੀਕੇ ਨੂੰ ਬਰਾਬਰ ਰੱਖਣ ਵਿੱਚ ਸਹਾਇਤਾ ਕਰਦਾ ਹੈ



https://southasianhealthnetwork.ca/

Variants of Concern (VoC)

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The VoC that was first seen in UK is called B.1.1.7. One of its mutations is called N501Y, which improves how well the virus' spike protein can attach to our cell receptors called ACE2 – so it kind of makes it more sticky/tacky and therefore more transmissible (shown to be up to 50% more transmissible).

The VoC that was first seen in South Africa is called B.1.351. This variant includes the N501Y to make more sticky, but it also has another mutation – the E484K mutation. This mutation occurs on the receptor binding domain of the spike protein, which is part of the virus that your immune system antibodies get trained to recognize after you've been infected or vaccinated. This mutation therefore helps the virus to disguise part of its signature appearance, allowing it to slip past immune response. <u>Vaccinations</u>

When you get vaccinated, you make tons of different kinds of antibodies – it's a polyclonal response. So think of the vaccine as a lock and key analogy, you're making keys to match multiple locks but you're also making slightly different keys so that if doesn't quite fit right, another might.

Pfizer and Moderna have both studied their mRNA vaccine and found they were just as effective against the B.1.1.7 variant with the N501Y 'sticky' mutation.

Moderna recently released a study on the B.1.351 VoC and showed a six fold decrease in neutralizing antibodies due to this E484K mutation. They are considering adding a booster shot to their vaccine regimen. However, one point that is consistently missed is that there is more to the immune system than antibodies! In fact, Memory B and T cells play a huge role as well, so we still do not know if the vaccines would overall be less efficacious. Besides, with 94-95% efficacy, we have some room to play. Pfizer has not yet studied this variant.



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> http://unambiguous-science.com/ @unambiguousscience

<u>mrna</u>

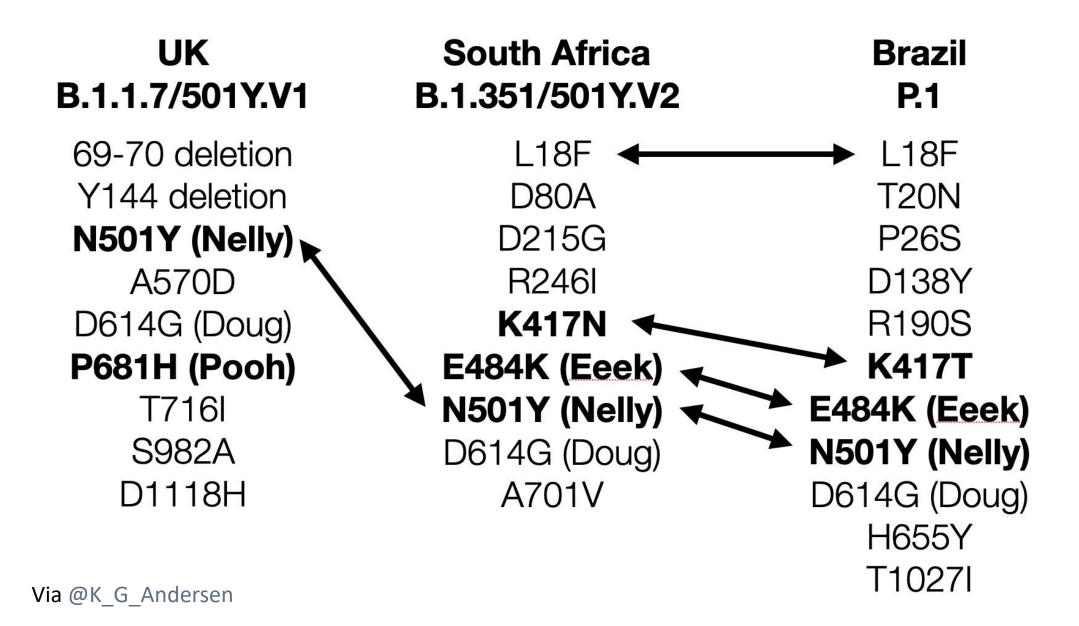
Vaccine

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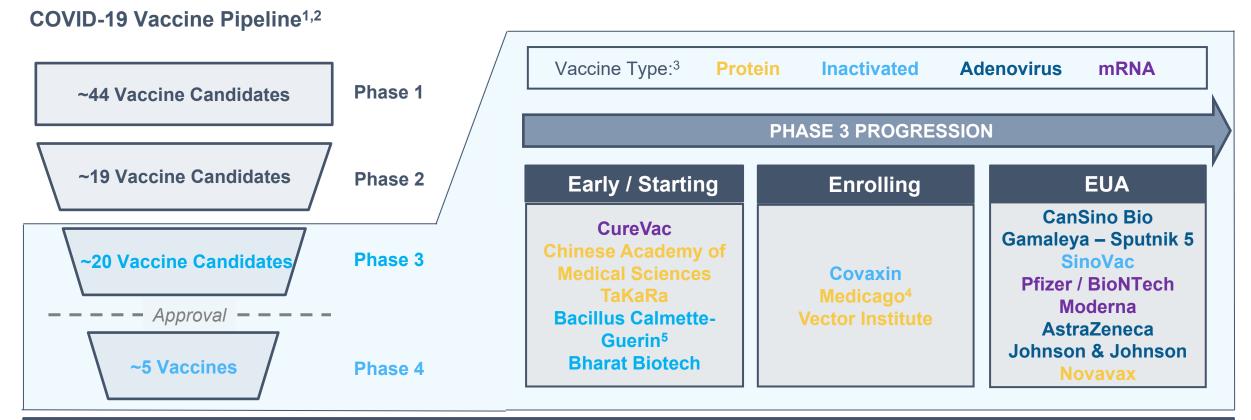
J&J 72% efficacy in US with mostly WT/B.1.1.7

57% efficacy in South Africa with predominant B.1.351

http://www.unambiguous-science.com/



There are currently ~86+ COVID-19 diverse vaccine candidates in human clinical trials, ~20 of which are in late stage trials



Greater vaccine platform diversity in the clinical trial pipeline could increase the likelihood of finding the safest and most effective vaccine both in the short- and long-term

Two vaccines - Pfizer/BioNTech and Moderna - have reported high efficacy and have been approved for use in Canada

Pfizer / BioNTech (mRNA)

- Reported initial efficacy of ~90%
- Phase 3 trial included ~43,000 enrollees, with fatigue as the only serious adverse events noted^{1,2}
- Two-dose regimen cold storage at -70C
- 779K Pfizer/BioNTech vaccines have been distributed across 10 provinces

Moderna (mRNA)

- Reported initial efficacy of ~94%
- Phase 3 trial included ~30,000 enrollees, and no significant safety concerns were noted⁴
- Two-dose regimen –**cold storage** at -20C
- 340k Moderna vaccines have been distributed across Canada

Three more vaccines are currently waiting approval for use in Canada with promising efficacy results

AstraZeneca (Adenovirus)	Johnson & Johnson (Adenovirus)	Novavax (Spike protein)
 Reported efficacy of ~70% among participants given two full doses in the UK and Brazil 	 Phase 3 trial involving 44,000 participants globally has reported an initial efficacy of ~66% and 85% in 	 In Phase 3 in the UK, where interim efficacy has been reported at 89%. Over 50% of cases had the UK variant.
 However, a manufacturing error, in which some study participants received a partial dose, resulted in a 	 preventing moderate to severe infection at 28 days Decreased efficacy (57%) reported in 	 This represents 96% efficacy against the original strain and 84% against the UK variant
second cohort with higher efficacy (~90%+)	the South Africa arm of the study, potentially related to variant	Interim results from Phase 2B studies in South Africa is estimated at 49-60%
Total trial around 23,000 participants	There were no COVID-related cases	 Total ~20,000 participants
Two-dose regimen – stored at 2-8C	of hospitalizations or deaths among those who received the vaccine	As per recent announcement, Novovax
Pending approval in Canada	 Single dose regimen – stored at 2-8C 	will begin to be produced domestically by the end of 2021
	 Pending approval in Canada 	 Two dose regiment – stored at 2-8C

- Two dose regiment stored at 2-8C
- Pending approval in Canada ٠

Others in use around the world

Gamaleya-Sputnik 5 (Adenovirus)

- Phase 3 trial involving 20,000 participants globally has reported an efficacy of 91.6% in preventing moderate to severe infection at 21 days after the first dose
- Almost all white, 60% male, 18 and older
- Comorbidities in about 25% of participants
- 3 fatalities in vaccine group due to pre-existing comorbidities
- No serious adverse events related to vaccine, but 45 reported in vaccine group and 23 in placebo group
- Single dose regimen stored at 2-8C
- Combined 2 adenovirus vector vaccine

Sinovac (Inactivated)

- Efficacy ~50-75% based on 13,000 participants
- Currently in use China, Brazil, Turkey
- Two dose regimen stored at 2-8C
- No serious adverse events reported

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Canada has secured enough doses to vaccinate entire population ~4 times over

Summary of known advance purchase agreements¹

Number of doses Manufacturer Dosage Storage Status purchased -80C Pfizer / BioNTech 40 M Committed Dual Approved Dec 09 36 M Optioned Moderna² -20C 20 M Committed Dual Approved Dec 23 36 M Optioned 20 M Committed 2-8C AstraZeneca / Dual Under review by Health Canada⁴ Oxford 2-8C Johnson & 10 M Committed³ Single Under review by Johnson 28 M Optioned Health Canada⁴ 2-8C 52 M Committed³ Phase 3 clinical trials Novavax Dual 24 M Optioned Sanofi / GSK 52 M Committed³ Dual 2-8C Phase 3 clinical trials 20 M Optioned 2-8C **Medicago** 76 M Committed Single Phase 3 clinical trials

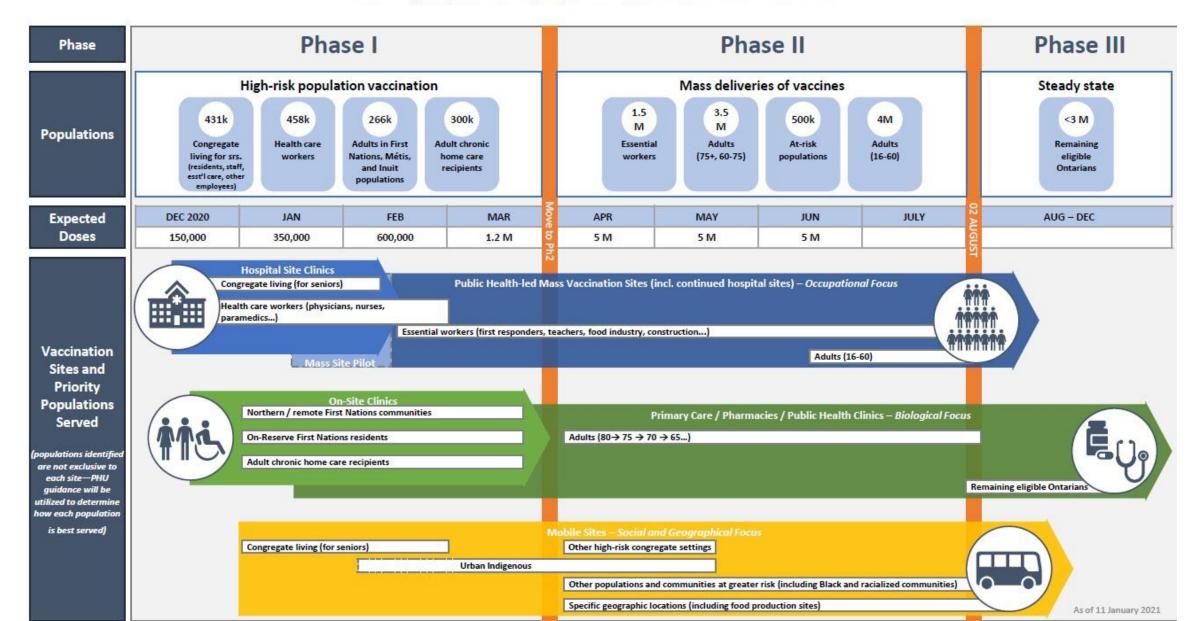
Approved

- Canada has secured enough doses to vaccinate its population with the recommended dosage ~4 times over
- There are ~60M doses (30M courses) committed across vaccines already approved
- However, timelines for availability of vaccines are relatively unknown:
 - Expected ~6M total doses delivered by end of Q1 (~3M Canadians vaccinated)²
 - An additional ~15-19M doses are expected to arrive in Canada by end of Q2 (~7.5-9.5M Canadians vaccinated)⁵

Canada is a global leader in COVID-19 vaccine procurement volume per capita, with multiple manufacturer agreements despite criticism around lack of in-country manufacturing – although sufficient doses have been secured, distribution challenges remain

COVID-19 VACCINE DISTRIBUTION PLAN

For deployment of Pfizer and Moderna vaccines



Webinar: Recognizing and Managing Anxiety Disorders in Primary Care during the COVID-19 Pandemic

Moderated by Dr. David Kaplan, hear from experts in the field about how to support patients presenting in primary care with symptoms of anxiety

Tuesday, February 9, 2021 | 12:00pm to 1:00pm



OBJECTIVES:

- Review the overlapping and distinguishing features between anxiety related to the COVID-19 pandemic and anxiety disorders
- Highlight the key elements in delivering optimal care for individuals with anxiety disorders based on the quality standard
- Introduce the resources currently available to support people living with an anxiety disorder

SPEAKERS

- Randi E. McCabe, BSc, MA, PhD, Director of the Anxiety Treatment and Research Clinic, and Psychologist-in-Chief, Mental Health and Addictions Program at St. Joseph's Healthcare Hamilton
- Peggy Richter, MD, FRCP(C), Head of the Frederick W. Thompson Anxiety Disorders Centre at Sunnybrook Health Sciences Centre
- Paul Kurdyak, MD, PhD, FRCPSC, Medical Lead for the Mental Health and Addictions Centre of Excellence
- Carol Miller, Lived Experience Advisor for the Anxiety Disorders Quality Standard Advisory Committee
- Ethan Chilcott, Student with Lived Experience of Anxiety Disorders



Family Medicine Summit 2021



January 30 to February 27, 2021

www.OCFPsummit.ca

Useful COVID-19 websites

Ontario College of Family Physicians:

https://www.ontariofamilyphysicians.ca/tools-resources/covid-19-

<u>resources</u>

Centre for Effective Practice:

https://cep.health/toolkit/covid-19-resource-centre/

COVID-19 Community of Practice self-learning program

Past COVID-19 Community of Practice sessions

The COVID-19 Community of Practice is a space for family physicians across Ontario to connect and learn from each other. Approximately once a month, practicing family physicians share their perspectives on COVID-related topics ranging from implementing virtual care, to organizing community collaborations, and supporting patients with mental health and addiction. These one-hour webinars are interactive and questions from participants are answered in real-time where possible. Each session is recorded and shared after the event, including links to notable resources.

This COVID-19 Community of Practice is a joint initiative from the University of Toronto Department of Family and Community Medicine (DFCM) and the Ontario College of Family Physicians (OCFP) 2.

Please visit the DFCM events page for upcoming sessions.

Self-learning program

The COVID-19 CoP session materials, including recordings, tools, and resources are available as self-learning modules.

This one-credit-per-hour self learning program has been certified by the College of Family Physicians of Canada and the Ontario Chapter for up to 1 Mainpro+® credits. This program is part of a series that has been certified for up to 18 Mainpro+® credits.

+

To participate in this self-learning:

- Select the dates/sessions you wish to participate in. You are welcome to complete as many sessions as you wish.
- · Watch the video recording of the live session.
- Review the session tools and resources.
- Complete the self-learning post-session activity, click the button below.

Complete the self-learning post-session activity here 🗷

Past sessions

COVID-19 vaccine, public health collaboration, and supporting our teams (December 11, 2020)

Supporting patients with COVID-19, evolving guidance, and fatigue (November 13, 2020)

Questions?

Webinar recording and curated Q&A will be posted soon <u>https://www.dfcm.utoronto.ca/covid-19-community-practice/past-sessions</u>

Our next Community of Practice: February 19, 2021 0800

Contact us: ocfpcme@ocfp.on.ca

Visit: <u>https://www.ontariofamilyphysicians.ca/tools-resources/covid-19-</u> <u>resources</u>

This one-credit-per-hour Group Learning program has been certified by the College of Family Physicians of Canada and the Ontario Chapter for up to 1 Mainpro+®credits.

The COVID-19 Community of Practice for Ontario Family Physician includes a series of planned webinars. Each session is worth 1 Mainpro+®credits, for up to a total of 18 credits.

Post session survey will be emailed to you. Certificates will be emailed in approximately 1 week.



